SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN THE CONFERENCE AGREEMENT FOR THE "MARRIAGE TAX RELIEF RECONCILIATION ACT OF 2000" (H.R. 4810)

Prepared by the Staff

of the

JOINT COMMITTEE ON TAXATION



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INTRODUCTION

This document,¹ prepared by the staff of the Joint Committee on Taxation, provides a summary of the provisions contained in the conference agreement for the "Marriage Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2000" (H.R. 4810).

¹ This document may be cited as follows: Joint Committee on Taxation, *Summary of Provisions Included in the Conference Agreement for the "Marriage Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2000" (H.R. 4810)*, July 20, 2000 (JCX-82-00).

SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS INCLUDED IN THE CONFERENCE AGREEMENT FOR THE "MARRIAGE TAX RELIEF RECONCILIATION ACT OF 2000" (H.R. 4810)

A. Standard Deduction Tax Relief

Under the conference agreement, the basic standard deduction for a married couple filing a joint return is increased to twice the basic standard deduction for a single individual. This provision is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999.²

B. Expansion of the 15-Percent Rate Bracket

The conference agreement increases the size of the 15-percent regular income tax rate bracket for a married couple filing a joint return to twice the size of the corresponding rate bracket for a single individual. This increase is phased in as follows:

Taxable year	Joint return 15-percent rate bracket as a percentage of single return 15-percent rate bracket
2000	170
2001	173
2002	178
2003	183
2004 and thereafter	200

The provision is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999.²

C. Allowance of Nonrefundable Personal Credits Against Regular and Minimum Tax Liability

The conference agreement permanently extends the present-law provision that permits nonrefundable personal credits to offset regular and minimum tax liability. In addition, the conference agreement repeals the present-law provisions that reduce the refundable child credit and the earned income credit ("EIC") by the amount of a taxpayer's alternative minimum tax. These provisions are effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001.

D. Marriage Tax Relief Relating to the EIC

The conference agreement increases the beginning point of the phase-out range for the EIC for married couples filing a joint return by \$2,000. The effect of this provision is to increase the EIC for taxpayers in the phase-out range by an amount up to

 $^{^2}$ Under the conference agreement, the provisions of the bill cannot be taken into account for estimated tax purposes before October 1, 2000.

\$2,000 times the phase-out rate and to increase the number of married couples eligible to claim the EIC. The maximum increase in the EIC as a result of the provision will be \$421.20. This provision is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999.²

E. Compliance with Congressional Budget Act of 1974

To ensure that the bill complies with the requirements of section 313 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (the so-called "Byrd Rule"), the conference agreement provides that all provisions of the bill cease to apply for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004.