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# Congress of the United States

JOINT COMMITTEE ON TAXATION 1015 LONGWORTH HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING Washington, D.C. 20515

April 16, 1982

Honorable Fortney H. (Pete) Stark Chairman, Subcommittee on Select Revenue Measures Committee on Ways and Means Washington, DC 20515

Dear Mr. Chairman:

In announcing a public hearing (to be held April 19) on the deductibility of certain expenses incurred by self-employed individuals, the Subcommittee stated the concern that "certain individuals, particularly those engaged in certain kinds of selling activities, are being advised, and are actually attempting to convert nondeductible personal, living and family expenses into deductible business expenses\*\*\*." Pursuant to your request in connection with this hearing, the staff of the Joint Committee has examined a number of Federal income tax returns filed by individuals engaged in direct-selling activities and has prepared the attached report.

The report includes examples reflecting income and deductions as shown on actual tax returns. The examples illustrate how some individuals engaged in direct-selling activities have reduced the amount of tax liability shown by them on their returns by using deductions claimed to arise from their selling activities to offset wages and other nonbusiness income. The report also includes a summary of present law on the deductibility of business and investment expenses.

In order to assure the confidentiality of taxpayer information, identification of the particular individuals who filed the returns from which the examples were prepared has been eliminated. In addition, the same general format has been used for all the examples.

Sincerely,

Mark McConaghy

Enclosure

# REPORT ON RETURNS OF INDIVIDUALS ENGAGED IN DIRECT-SELLING ACTIVITIES

The staff of the Joint Committee on Taxation has examined a number of 1979 and 1980 Federal income tax returns filed by individuals who are engaged in direct-selling activities. This report describes the returns which were examined and includes examples of income and deductions as shown on 20 such returns.

#### Confidentiality

Returns were provided to the Joint Committee staff by the Internal Revenue Service pursuant to section 6103(f) of the Internal Revenue Code. The required confidentiality has been assured by eliminating identification of the particular individuals who filed the returns from which the examples were prepared. In addition, the same general format has been used for all the examples. However, each example reflects income and deductions as shown on an actual tax return.

#### Returns studied

Neither the returns provided to the staff by the IRS nor the examples included with this report represent a valid statistical sampling of returns filed by individuals who are engaged in direct-selling activities. They do, however, illustrate actual situations in which individuals engaged in direct-selling activities have reduced the amount of tax liability shown by them on their returns by using deductions claimed to arise from their selling activities to offset wages and other nonbusiness income.

The examples included with this report are drawn from 81 tax returns selected from the work-in-progress inventories of three IRS districts. The majority of these returns came under examination through the IRS Return Preparers Program. No audit results are available with respect to the returns, because none of the individual examinations have been completed.

#### Profile of returns

In general, the returns furnished by the IRS reflect a married couple filing a joint return, three or four personal exemptions, gross wage and salary income in the range of \$10,000 to \$35,000, total business gross income (gross receipts from sales less cost of goods sold) of less than \$5,000, and net business losses of up to \$20,000. The categories of business deductions typically claimed on the returns include designations as automobile and transportation expenses, entertainment expenses, home meetings, lodging and meals expenses, commissions, demos and samples, awards and gifts, and home office and other office expenses. Other types of expenses claimed on one or more returns include designations as camera expenses, laundry and cleaning, suits, "outside services," household help, and "yard work."

The 20 examples drawn by the staff from the returns generally reflect this pattern.

#### Explanation of examples

Each example of a taxpayer return is divided into three parts: (1) summary of income and deductions as shown on the return, (2) composition of business loss claimed on the return, and (3) the tax savings resulting from claiming a net business loss on the return.

The first part of each example shows gross income (wages, total business gross income, and other income); adjusted gross income (gross income minus total business deductions); and taxable income (adjusted gross income minus itemized deductions and personal exemptions as shown on the return). The second part includes a detailed listing of categories of claimed deductions that comprise the total business deductions shown in the first part. The final part of each example shows the tax savings that resulted from offsetting the claimed net business losses against wage or other income. This tax savings computation assumes that the individual had sufficient valid business deductions to offset all gross income from the selling activity.

Because the examples are not drawn from a valid statistical sample of returns, any conclusions drawn from a review of them might not be valid generally for the total class of individuals engaged in direct-selling. However, the examples do illustrate how some individuals seek to reduce their tax liability by claiming losses from direct-selling activities to offset their wage and other nonbusiness income.

Α.	Summary of Income and Deductions as Shown on Return	
	Wages Total business gross income Other income	\$52,905 3,591 789
	Gross income	\$57,285
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income	(\$14,651) \$42,634
	Itemized deductions Personal exemptions	(\$6,403) (\$2,000)
	Taxable income	\$34,231
В.	Composition of Business Loss	
	Income:	
	Gross sales \$3,591 Cost of goods sold 0 Total gross business income	\$ 3,591
	Deductions	
	Automobile expense \$4,126 Parking fees 80 Road tolls 0 Commercial transportation fees 53 Depreciation expense (office equip.) 334 Entertainment expense 1,103 Convention expense 0 Seminars 168 Home meetings 211 Hotel & motel expense 923 Meals away from home 309 Tax preparation fee 0 Rent 112 Printing expense 220 Bank charges 702 Postage 28 Office supplies 783 Freight charges 620 Commissions paid 699 Advertising expense 25 Sales literature 0 Demos & samples 1,469 Awards & gifts 21 Camera expense 129 Contests 149 Contests 1371 Home office Calculator 100	
	Total deductions Net business loss	$($\frac{14,651}{$11,060})$
c.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deductions	
	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return	\$12,501 
	Tax savings	\$ <u>4,700</u>

Α.	Summary of Income and Deductions as Sh	own on Return	•
	Wages Total business gross income Other income Gross income		\$23,338 1,004 357 \$24,699
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income		(12,703) \$11,996
	Itemized deductions Personal exemptions Taxable income		0 ( 1,000) \$ <del>10,996</del>
В.	Composition of Business Loss		
	Income:		
	Gross sales Cost of goods sold Total gross business income	\$1,457 ( <u>453)</u>	\$ 1,004
	Deductions		
	Automobile expense Parking fees Road tolls Commercial transportation fees Depreciation expense Entertainment expense Convention expense Seminars Home meetings Hotel & motel expense Meals away from home Tax preparation fee Rent Printing expense Bank charges Telephone expense Postage Office supplies Freight charges Commissions paid Advertising expense Sales literature Demos & samples Awards & gifts Camera expense Contests Books & literature Dues & subscriptions Tapes & Recorders Laundry & cleaning Business portion of new car price Business loss Misc. Total deductions Net business loss	\$3,221 0 64 0 50 0 180 0 324 596 0 763 0 0 318 10 72 9 0 0 85 115 0 0 418 75 5,864 130 338	(\$12,703)
c.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deductions		(\$ <u>11,699)</u>
	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return		\$ 5,093 1,597
	Tax savings		ş <u>3,496</u>

Taxpayer # 3

Α.	Summary of Income and Deductions as S	hown on Return	•
	Wages Total business gross income Other income Gross income		\$3'3,781 341 596 \$34,718
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income		( <u>8,395)</u> \$26,323
	Itemized deductions Personal exemptions Taxable income		( 6,765) ( 3,000) \$16,558
В.	Composition of Business Loss		
	Income:		
	Gross sales Cost of goods sold Total gross business income	\$ 34 <u>1</u> 0	\$ 341
	Deductions		
	Automobile expense Parking fees Road tolls Commercial transportation fees Depreciation expense Entertainment expense Convention expense Seminars Home meetings Hotel & motel expense Meals away from home Tax preparation fee Rent Printing expense Bank charges Telephone expense Postage Office supplies Freight charges Commissions paid Advertising expense Sales literature Demos & samples Awards & gifts Camera expense Contests Books & literature Dues & subscriptions Tapes & Recorders Equipment	\$3,290 45 25 0 354 0 1,084 158 100 378 80 273 39 0 468 30 100 51 0 80 50 400 196 200 160 110 644 180	
	Total deductions Net business loss		(8,395) (\$\frac{8,054}{}
c.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deduction	<u>.s</u>	
	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return		\$ 4,513 2,403
	Tax savings		\$_2,110

A.	Summary of Income and Deductions as Sh	own on Return	
	Wages Total business gross income Other income Gross income		\$ 29,432 471 428 \$ 30,331
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income		(\$11,434) \$ 18,897
	Itemized deductions Personal exemptions Taxable income		(\$ 9,082) (\$ 2,000) \$ 7,815
в.	Composition of Business Loss		
	Income:		
	Gross sales Cost of goods sold Total gross business income	\$ 471 0	\$ 471
	Deductions		
	Automobile expense Parking fees Road tolls Commercial transportation fees Depreciation expense Entertainment expense Convention expense Seminars Home meetings Hotel & motel expense Meals away from home Tax preparation fee Rent Printing expense Bank charges Telephone expense Postage Office supplies Freight charges Commissions paid Advertising expense Sales literature Demos & samples Awards & gifts Camera expense Contests Books & literature Dues & subscriptions Tapes & Recorders Storage Misc. expenses	\$ 3,025 212 0 470 82 76 0 671 310 160 24 0 0 28 152 919 16 545 172, 103 0 0 1,547 200 90 0 933 13 880 325 481	
	Total deductions Net business loss		(\$11,434) (\$ <u>10,963)</u>
c.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deductions		
	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return		\$ 3,487 869
	Tax savings		\$ 2,618

Α.	Summary of Income and Deductions as Sh	own on Return	
	Wages Total business gross income Other income Gross income		\$20,095 5,147 <u>1,105</u> \$26,347
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income		(\$ <u>21,146)</u> \$ 5,201
	Itemized deductions Personal exemptions Taxable income		(\$ 3,690) ( 4,000) \$ 0
в.	Composition of Business Loss		
	Income:		
	Gross sales Cost of goods sold Total gross business income	\$ 5,147 0	\$ 5,147
	Deductions		t
	Automobile expense Parking fees Road tolls Commercial transportation fees Depreciation expense Entertainment expense Entertainment expense Convention expense Seminars Home meetings Hotel & motel expense Meals away from home Tax preparation fee Rent Printing expense Bank charges Telephone expense Postage Office supplies Freight charges Commissions paid Advertising expense Sales literature Demos & samples Awards & gifts Camera expense Contests Books & literature Dues & subscriptions Tapes & Recorders Home office	\$ 6,586 62 31 0 186 515 682 848 381 366 78 0 5 74 401 380 375, 4,598 4,598 526 1,836 67 36 67 36 67 36 67 36 67	
	Total deductions Net business loss		(\$21,146) (\$ <del>15,999)</del>
c.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deductions	-	
	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return		\$ 1,745 0
	Tax savings		\$ 1,745

A.	Summary of Income and Deductions as S	hown on Return	
	Wages Total business gross income Other income Gross income		\$47,709 851 1,571 \$50,131
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income		(\$8,125) \$42,006
	Itemized deductions Personal exemptions Taxable income		(\$8,854) (\$3,000) \$30,152
в.	Composition of Business Loss		
	Income:		
	Gross sales Cost of goods sold Total gross business income	\$ 851 0	\$ 851
	Deductions		
	Automobile expense Parking fees Road tolls Commercial transportation fees Depreciation expense Entertainment expense Convention expense Seminars Home meetings Hotel & motel expense Meals away from home Tax preparation fee Rent Printing expense Bank charges Telephone expense Postage Office supplies Freight charges Commissions paid Advertising expense Sales literature Demos & samples Awards & gifts Camera expense Contests Books & literature Dues & subscriptions Tapes & Recorders Equipment Storage	\$ 3,389 50 0 0 164 241 350 330 431 216 100 0 230 365 3 241 26 350 0 390 75 32 0 85 10 221 146 680	
	Total deductions Net business loss		\$\(\begin{pmatrix} (8,125) \\ \(\frac{(7,274)}{}{} \end{pmatrix}\)
c.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deduction	ı <u>s</u>	
	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return		\$ 9, <u>119</u> 6,303
	Tax savings		\$_2,816

A.	Summary of Income and Deductions as	Shown on Return	
	Wages Total business gross income Other income Gross income		\$19,954 4,325 2,285 \$26,564
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income		(\$ <u>17,310)</u> \$ 9,254
	Itemized deductions Personal exemptions Taxable income		(\$ 5,396) ( <u>1,000)</u> \$ 2,858
В.	Composition of Business Loss		
	Income:		
	Gross sales Cost of goods sold Total gross business income	\$45,660 (\$41,335)	\$ 4,325
	Deductions		
	Automobile expense Parking fees Road tolls Commercial transportation fees Depreciation expense Entertainment expense Convention expense Seminars Home meetings Hotel & motel expense Meals away from home Tax preparation fee Rent Printing expense Bank charges Telephone expense Postage Office supplies Freight charges Commissions paid Advertising expense Sales literature Demos & samples Awards & gifts Camera expense Contests Books & literature Dues & subscriptions Tapes & Recorders Utilities Misc. expenses	\$ 4,199 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
	Total deductions Net business loss		(\$17,310) (\$ <u>12,985)</u>
c.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deduction	ons	
	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return	<u>.</u> 3	\$ 2,853 81
	Tax savings		\$ <u>2,772</u>

A.	Summary of Income and Deductions as Sh	own on Return	
	Wages Total business gross income Other income		\$32,585 1,004 6,653
	Gross income		\$ 40,242
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income		(\$10,378) \$29,864
	Itemized deductions Personal exemptions		(\$2,303) ( <u>\$5,000)</u>
	Taxable income		\$ 22,561
в.	Composition of Business Loss		
	Income:		
	Gross sales Cost of goods sold Total gross business income	\$1,004	\$ 1,004
	Deductions		
	Automobile expense Parking fees Road tolls Commercial transportation fees Depreciation expense Entertainment expense Entertainment expense Convention expense Seminars Home meetings Hotel & motel expense Meals away from home Tax preparation fee Rent Printing expense Bank charges Telephone expense Postage Office supplies Freight charges Commissions paid Advertising expense Sales literature Demos & samples Awards & gifts Camera expense Contests Books & literature Dues & subscriptions Tapes & Recorders Motor office expenses Home office Misc. expenses	\$1,528 0 0 0 0 1,453 0 0 237 0 0 0 0 0 69 296 7 11 0 262 89 0 1,012 0 98 0 0 0 0 3,255 937 1,054	
	Total deductions Net business loss		(\$ <u>10,378)</u> (\$ <u>9,374)</u>
c.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deductions	<u>5</u>	
	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return	-	\$ 6,950 _3,938
	Tax savings		\$_3,012
	·		

Α.	Summary of Income and Deductions as S	hown on Return	
	Wages Total business gross income Other income Gross income		\$18,390 1,443 490 \$20,323
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income		(\$ <u>13,040)</u> \$ 7,283
	Itemized deductions Personal exemptions Taxable income		0 (\$ <u>2,000)</u> \$ <u>5,283</u>
в.	Composition of Business Loss		
	Income:		
	Gross sales Cost of goods sold Total gross business income	\$ 1,443	\$ 1,443
	Deductions		
	Automobile expense Parking fees Road tolls Commercial transportation fees Depreciation expense Entertainment expense Entertainment expense Convention expense Seminars Home meetings Hotel & motel expense Meals away from home Tax preparation fee Rent Printing expense Bank charges Telephone expense Postage Office supplies Freight charges Commissions paid Advertising expense Sales literature Demos & samples Awards & gifts Camera expense Contests Books & literature Dues & subscriptions Tapes & Recorders Home office Equipment	\$ 3,932 165 0 300 0 43 261 738 1,429 305 636 90 0 25 24 672 56 103 255 344 0 0 1,253 256 187 0 241 94 651 893 87	
	Total deductions Net business loss		(\$ <u>13,040)</u> (\$ <u>11,597)</u>
c.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deduction	<u>us</u>	
	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return		\$ 2,475 263
	Tax savings		\$ <u>2,212</u>

Α.	Summary of Income and Deductions as Sh	own on Return	
	Wages Total business gross income Other income Gross income		\$ 19,784 1,919 113 \$ 21,816
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income		(\$ 12,351) \$ 9,465
	Itemized deductions Personal exemptions Taxable income		(\$ 3,923) (\$ 3,000) \$ 2,542
в.	Composition of Business Loss		
	Income:		
	Gross sales Cost of goods sold Total gross business income	\$ 1,919	\$ 1,919
	Deductions		
	Automobile expense Parking fees Road tolls Commercial transportation fees Depreciation expense Entertainment expense) Convention expense) Seminars Home meetings Hotel & motel expense Meals away from home Tax preparation fee Rent Printing expense Bank charges Telephone expense Postage Office supplies Freight charges Commissions paid Advertising expense Sales literature Demos & samples Awards & gifts Camera expense Contests Books & literature Dues & subscriptions Tapes & Recorders Insurance Laundry & cleaning Legal fees Misc. expense	\$ 5,888 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
_	Total deductions Net business loss	101	(\$ <u>12.351)</u> (\$ <u>10.432)</u>
c.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deductions		
•	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return		\$ 1,630
	Tax savings		\$ <u>1,630</u>

A.	Summary of Income and Deductions as Sho	own on Return	
	Wages Total business gross income Other income Gross income		\$30,441 (\$2,810) 10 \$27,641
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income		( <u>9,716)</u> \$17,925
	Itemized deductions Personal exemptions Taxable income		(\$ 692) (\$3,000) \$14,233
в.	Composition of Business Loss		
	Income:		
	Gross sales Cost of goods sold Total gross business income	\$2,507 5,317	(\$ 2,810)
	Deductions		
	Automobile expense Parking fees Road tolls Commercial transportation fees Depreciation expense Entertainment expense Entertainment expense) Convention expense ) Seminars Home meetings Hotel & motel expense Meals away from home Tax preparation fee Rent Printing expense Bank charges Telephone expense Postage Office supplies Freight charges Commissions paid Advertising expense Sales literature Demos & samples Awards & gifts Camera expense Contests Books & literature Dues & subscriptions Tapes & Recorders Insurance Laundry & cleaning Taxes Utilities Suits	\$2,084 0 0 0 2,124 0 0 0 0 1,695 605 217 50 38 227 0 0 0 76 0 907 238 1666 3761 1666 3761 1674 1775 1676 1775	
	Total deductions Net business loss		(\$ <u>9,716)</u> (\$ <u>12,526)</u>
c.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deductions	<u>5</u>	
	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return		\$ 5,201 1,892
	Tax savings		\$ <u>3,309</u>

A.	Summary of Income and Deductions as Sh	own on Return	
	Wages Total business gross income Other income		\$ 32,702 2,129 801
	Gross income		\$ 35,632
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income		( <u>\$16,858)</u> \$ 18,774
	Itemized deductions		(\$ 7,714)
	Personal exemptions Taxable income		(\$ 4,000) \$ 7,060
В.	Composition of Business Loss		
	Income:		
	Gross sales	\$ 2,129	
	Cost of goods sold Total gross business income	0	\$ 2,129
	Deductions		
	Automobile expense Parking fees Road tolls Commercial transportation fees Depreciation expense Entertainment expense Entertainment expense Convention expense Seminars Home meetings Hotel & motel expense Meals away from home Tax preparation fee Rent Printing expense Bank charges Telephone expense Postage Office supplies Freight charges Commissions paid Advertising expense Sales literature Demos & samples Awards & gifts Camera expense Contests Books & literature Dues & subscriptions Tapes & Recorders Storage	\$ 6,010 69 36 0 0 415 1,275 403 1,599 685 108 0 106 19 882 32 136 175 1,116 0 487 15 596 0 98 126 1,773 500	
	Misc. expense	197	
	Total deductions Net business loss		(\$16,858) (\$ 14,729)
C.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deductions		
	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return		\$ 3,714 546
	Tax savings		s_3,168

Α.	Summary of Income and Deductions as Sh	nown on Return	
	Wages Total business gross income Other income		\$ 37,498 2,711 · 711
	Gross income		\$ 40,920
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income		(\$14,341) \$ 26,579
	Itemized deductions Personal exemptions Taxable income		(\$ 2,417) (\$ 4,000) \$ 20,162
в.	Composition of Business Loss		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Income:		
	Gross sales Cost of goods sold Total gross business income	\$ 2,711	\$ 2,711
	Deductions		
	Automobile expense Parking fees Road tolls Commercial transportation fees Depreciation expense Entertainment expense Convention expense Seminars Home meetings Hotel & motel expense Meals away from home Tax preparation fee Rent Printing expense Bank charges Telephone expense Postage Office supplies Freight charges Commissions paid Advertising expense Sales literature Demos & samples Awards & gifts Camera expense Contests Books & literature Dues & subscriptions Tapes & Recorders Legal fees Home office	\$ 4,664 36 146 273 0 567 273 914 508 303 641 0 0 26 8 683 72 32 285 1,738 0 0 1,348 326 58 0 42 34 228 110 1,026	
	Total deductions Net business loss		(\$ <u>14,341)</u> (\$ <u>11,630)</u>
C.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deductions	<u>5</u>	
	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return		ş 6,895 _3,267
			\$ 3,628
	Tax savings		3 3/020

A.	Summary of Income and Deductions as Shown on Return	
	Wages Total business gross income Other income Gross income	\$ 0 2,797 <u>33,491</u> \$ 36,288
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income	(\$ <u>25,292)</u> \$10,996
	Itemized deductions Personal exemptions Taxable income	(\$ 4,908) (\$ 4,000) \$ 2,088
в.	Composition of Business Loss	
	Income:	
	Gross sales \$ 2,797 Cost of goods sold 0 Total gross business income	\$ 2,797
	Deductions	
	Automobile expense \$ 4,005 Parking fees 5 Road tolls 27 Commercial transportation fees 414 Depreciation expense (office furn.) 415 Entertainment expense 1,056 Convention expense 1,733 Seminars 84 Home meetings 820 Hotel & motel expense 115 Meals away from home 126 Tax preparation fee 155 Rent 0 Printing expense 149 Bank charges 124 Telephone expense 432 Postage 255 Office supplies 817 Freight charges 1,004 Commissions paid 406 Advertising expense 606 Demos & samples 7,559 Awards & gifts 1,848 Camera expense 666 Contests 66 Contests 67 Books & literature 67 Dues & subscriptions 118 Tapes & Recorders 31 Home office 1,160 Interpreting expense 296 Outside services 1,099	
	Total deductions Net business loss	(\$25,292) (\$ <u>22,495)</u>
c.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deductions	
	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return	\$ 4,498 0
	Tax savings	\$_4,498

Α.	Summary of Income and Deductions as S	Shown on Return	
	Wages Total business gross income Other income Gross income		\$33,234 718 0 \$33,952
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income		( <u>\$ 8,308)</u> \$ 25,644
	Itemized deductions Personal exemptions Taxable income		(\$ 4,591) ( <u>2,000)</u> \$ <u>19,053</u>
В.	Composition of Business Loss		
	Income:		
	Gross sales Cost of goods sold Total gross business income	\$ 718 0	\$ 718
	Deductions		
	Automobile expense Parking fees Road tolls Commercial transportation fees Depreciation expense Entertainment expense Convention expense Seminars Home meetings Hotel & motel expense Meals away from home Tax preparation fee Rent Printing expense Bank charges Telephone expense Postage Office supplies Freight charges Commissions paid Advertising expense Sales literature Demos & samples Awards & gifts Camera expense Contests Books & literature Dues & subscriptions Tapes & Recorders Storage	\$ 3,936 46 0 0 74 689 259 0 125 0 0 181 222 0 270 23 79 858 630 225 62 0 158 7 236 428	
	Total deductions Net business loss		(\$ 8,308) (\$ 7,590)
c.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deduction	15	
	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return		\$ 5,153 3,003
	Tax savings		\$ <u>2,150</u>

Α.	Summary of Income and Deductions as Sho	own on Return	
	Wages Total business gross income Other income		\$11,416 718 929
	Gross income		\$13,063
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income		(\$11,391) \$ 1,672
	Itemized deductions Personal exemptions Taxable income		(\$ 2,506) (\$ 1,000) \$0
в.	Composition of Business Loss		
	Income:		
	Gross sales Cost of goods sold Total gross business income	\$ 718 0	\$ 718
	Deductions	•	
	Automobile expense Parking fees Road tolls Commercial transportation fees Depreciation expense Entertainment expense Entertainment expense Convention expense Seminars Home meetings Hotel & motel expense Meals away from home Tax preparation fee Rent Printing expense Bank charges Telephone expense Postage Office supplies Freight charges Commissions paid Advertising expense Sales literature Demos & samples Awards & gifts Camera expense Contests Books & literature Dues & subscriptions Tapes & Recorders	\$ 6,769 10 15 606 0 0 117 155 702 782 142 89 0 18 175 12 281 40 230 0 340 10 32 0 232 10 0 624	
	Total deductions Net business loss		(\$11,391) (\$ <u>10,673)</u>
c.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deductions	<u>.</u>	
	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return		\$ 1,140 0
	Tax savings		\$ <u>1,140</u>

3	Commence of T		
Α.	Summary of Income and Deductions as S	hown on Return	
	Wages		\$ 30,160
	Total business gross income Other income		1,407 0
	Gross income		\$ 31,567
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income		(\$14,110) \$ 17,457
	Itemized deductions		(\$ 6,603)
	Personal exemptions Taxable income		(\$ 3,000) \$ 7,854
в.	Composition of Business Loss		
	Income:		
	Gross sales	\$ 1,407	
	Cost of goods sold		
	Total gross business income		\$ 1,407
	Deductions		
	Automobile expense	\$ 5,472	
	Parking fees Road tolls	0	
	Commercial transportation fees	24	
	Depreciation expense	293	
	Entertainment expense  Convention expense	0 692	
	Seminars	461	
	Home meetings	0	
	Hotel & motel expense	0	
	Meals away from home Tax preparation fee	0 30	
	Rent	20	
	Printing expense	ő	
	Bank charges	260	
	Telephone expense	301	
	Postage Office supplies	85 915	
	Freight charges	0	
	Commissions paid	ō.	
	Advertising expense	0	
	Sales literature	0	
	Demos & samples Awards & gifts	1,218 43	
	Camera expense	0	
	Contests	79	
	Books & literature	126	
	Dues & subscriptions Tapes & Recorders	97 0	•
	Security system	425	
	Insurance	83	
	Household help	272	
	Yard work	36	
	Business debt interest	1,364 66	
	Repairs Taxes	371	
	Utilities	808	
	Furniture	<u>689</u>	
	Total deductions		(S14,110)
	Net business loss		\$ <u>12,703)</u>
c.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deduction	ıs	
	Tax that would have been due without		
	deductions for net business losses		\$ 3,378 680
	Tax shown on return		2,698
	Tax savings		\$
	•		

A.	Summary of Income and Deductions as Sh	own on Return	
	Wages Total business gross income Other income Gross income		\$ 33,177 10,670 1,595 \$ 45,442
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income		(\$30,576)
	Itemized deductions		\$14,866
	Personal exemptions Taxable income		(\$ 7,714) ( <u>3,000)</u> \$ <u>4,152</u>
В.	Composition of Business Loss		
	Income:		
	Gross sales Cost of goods sold Total gross business income	\$ 10,670	\$ 10,670
	Deductions		
	Automobile expense Parking fees Road tolls Commercial transportation fees Depreciation expense Entertainment expense Convention expense Seminars Home meetings Hotel & motel expense Meals away from home Tax preparation fee Rent Printing expense Bank charges Telephone expense Postage Office supplies Freight charges Commissions paid Advertising expense Sales literature Demos & samples Awards & gifts Camera expense Contests Books & literature Dues & subscriptions Tapes & Recorders Sales & promotion Misc. supplies Interest Insurance Legal services	\$ 6,665 0 0 0 0 4,876 0 364 0 0 42 1,129 1,075 1	
c.	Total deductions Net business loss Tax Savings Due to Business Deductions	<del></del>	(\$30,576) (\$19,906)
2.	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return		\$ 4,358 186
	Tax savings		\$ <u>4,172</u>

Taxpayer # 19

A.	Summary of Income and Deductions as Sh	own on Return	•
	Wages Total business gross income Other income Gross income		\$ 18,208 2,053 0 \$ 20,261
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income		(\$15,023) \$ 5,238
	Itemized deductions Personal exemptions Taxable income		(\$ 1,267) (\$ 4,000) \$ 0
в.	Composition of Business Loss		
	Income:		
	Gross sales Cost of goods sold Total gross business income	\$ 2,053 	\$ 2,053
	Deductions		
	Automobile expense Parking fees Road tolls Commercial transportation fees Depreciation expense Entertainment expense Convention expense Seminars Home meetings Hotel & motel expense Meals away from home Tax preparation fee Rent Printing expense Bank charges Telephone expense Postage Office supplies Freight charges Commissions paid Advertising expense Sales literature Demos & samples Awards & gifts Camera expense Contests Books & literature Dues & subscriptions Tapes & Recorders Home office Misc. expense	\$ 8,636 100 106 356 0 58 0 126 104 723 75 0 0 52 1,456 0 218 120 446 17 49 454 32 72 16 0 7 488 816 496	
	Total deductions Net business loss		(\$ <u>15,023)</u> (\$ <u>12,970)</u>
c.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deductions	<u>5</u>	
	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return		\$ 1,619 0
	Tax savings		s_1,619

A.	Summary of Income and Deductions as Shown on	Return
	Wages Total business gross income Other income Gross income	\$15,900 1,155 0 \$17,055
	Total business deductions Adjusted gross income	( 9,52 <u>1</u> ) \$ 7,534
	Itemized deductions Personal exemptions Taxable income	( 2,000) \$ 5,534
В.	Composition of Business Loss	
	Income:	
	Gross sales \$1,15 Cost of goods sold Total gross business income	55 0 \$ 1,155
	Deductions	
	Road tolls Commercial transportation fees Depreciation expense Entertainment expense Entertainment expense Seminars Home meetings Hotel & motel expense Meals away from home Tax preparation fee Rent Printing expense Bank charges Telephone expense Postage Office supplies Freight charges Commissions paid Advertising expense Sales literature Demos & samples Awards & gifts Camera expense Dues & subscriptions	36 96 17 0 43 0 68 60 93 62 15 00 0
	Total deductions Net business loss	( <u>9,521)</u> (\$ <u>8,366)</u>
c.	Tax Savings Due to Business Deductions	
	Tax that would have been due without deductions for net business losses Tax shown on return	\$ 2,206 474
	Tax savings	\$ <u>1,732</u>

# PRESENT LAW ON DEDUCTIBILITY OF BUSINESS AND INVESTMENT EXPLNSES

#### Overview

Subject to certain limitations and substantiation requirements, expenses incurred by an individual in carrying on a trade or business are deductible for income tax purposes (Code sec. 162), as are expenses incurred in an investment activity (sec. 212). If the expenses from a business or investment activity exceed the taxpayer's income from the business or investment activity for the year, the net business loss may be used to offset income from other sources, such as employee wages paid to the taxpayer.

Under present law, an activity in which the taxpayer incurs expenditures is presumed to be engaged in for profit (and hence is not subject to the "hobby loss" deduction limitations) if the activity produces net income for at least two years in a period of five consecutive years (sec. 183). Accordingly, as long as an activity shows a profit for any two years within the five-year period, the taxpayer generally may offset income from other sources with excess deductions from the activity in the loss years, unless the Internal Revenue Service can overcome the presumption by establishing that the taxpayer in fact did not engage in the activity for profit.

Except for certain expenses allowed as "above-the-line" deductions or as itemized deductions, an individual's personal or consumption expenditures are not deductible (see sec. 262, disallowing deductions for personal, living, or family expenses). Certain expenditures which otherwise would be treated as personal living expenses, such as expenditures for meals, lodging, travel, or entertainment, nonetheless may be deductible when incurred in a business or investment activity.

# Expenses incurred in a trade or business

#### General rules

An individual may deduct all the ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred in carrying on a trade or business (sec. 162).

The determination of whether an activity in which expenditures are incurred constitutes a trade or business depends on the particular facts involved. In general, to constitute a trade or business there must be activities which are carried on for livelihood or profit and which occur on a regular basis. An employee is considered to be in the trade or business of being an employee, and may deduct certain expenses incurred as an employee.

An individual may be engaged in more than one trade or business at a time. Thus, an individual who is an employee may incur deductible expenses from self-employment or investment activities. If the expenses from a business or investment activity exceed the taxpayer's income from that business or investment activity for the year, the net business or investment loss may be used to offset income from other sources, such as employee wages paid to the taxpayer or net income from another trade or business of the taxpayer.

To be deductible, expenses incurred in a trade or business must not be "capital expenditures" and must be "ordinary and necessary" to the operation of the business. In general, a capital expenditure is a cost, other than routine maintenance, incurred for assets or improvements to be used for an extended period. (Such expenditures for business assets, normally may be recovered through depreciation allowances.) As with the definition of trade or business, the determination of whether an expense is ordinary and necessary to the operation of the business is a factual question. The Supreme Court has ruled that expenses do not have to be "habitual or normal in the sense that the same taxpayer will have to make them often" to be ordinary.

#### Types of deductible expenses

Section 162 specifically lists three categories of trade or business expenditures which are deductible. However, this listing is not exclusive, and other types of trade or business expenses may qualify for deduction pursuant to section 162.

The first listed category of section 162 expenses consists of reasonable allowances for salaries and other compensation for personal services. The principal issue which arises concerning

<sup>1/</sup> The employee business expenses which are deductible in determining adjusted gross income ("above-the-line deductions") are limited to the following expenses if paid or incurred by the taxpayer in connection with the performance of services as an employee: (1) expenses of travel, meals, and lodging while away from home; (2) other expenses covered by a reimbursement or other expense allowance arrangement with the employer; (3) transportation costs; and (4) expenses of "outside salesmen" (sec. 62(2)). In addition, an individual who itemizes deductions may deduct other employee business expenses (such as union dues or continuing professional education costs).

deductions claimed for compensation is whether the total of amounts paid is reasonable in light of the services performed. For example, a corporation may not deduct as compensation amounts paid to a shareholder-employee that are in substance dividends because they exceed reasonable compensation levels. Similarly, an individual operating a business as a sole proprietorship may also violate the reasonableness standard if the individual pays compensation to family members in excess of the value of services in an effort to "income-split" and thereby to maximize the amount of total family income taxable in lower brackets.

The second listed category consists of traveling expenses incurred while away from home in pursuit of business. Expenses of commuting to the taxpayer's place of business are nondeductible personal expenses. However, a taxpayer having more than one place of business may deduct the costs of traveling from one place of business to another. In addition, where the taxpayer is away from home in the pursuit of a trade or business, 2/ the taxpayer may deduct traveling expenses, 3/ including the costs of meals and lodging (other than amounts which are lavish or extravagant under the circumstances).

The third listed category of section 162 expenses consists of rentals paid for business property. A deduction may only be claimed for rent which does not exceed the fair market value of

<sup>2/</sup> The travel must be primarily for business purposes. Thus, if a taxpayer makes a business trip (such as attending a convention) and engages in some personal activity such as sightseeing, that part of the total expenses of the trip which is directly attributable to the taxpayer's business is deductible, while expenses attributable to personal activities are nondeductible (Rev. Rul. 79-425, 1979-2 C.B. 81, and Rev. Rul. 56-168, 1956-1 C.B. 93).

<sup>3/</sup> If an individual uses an automobile for business purposes (other than for commuting between home and the place of business), he or she may deduct expenses based on a standard mileage rate or based on actual costs incurred. The standard mileage rate is presently 20 cents a mile for the first 15,000 miles, and 11 cents a mile for each additional mile (or for all miles after the car is considered to be fully depreciated, i.e., after 60,000 miles of business use at the maximum rate). The standard rate includes all operating expenses and depreciation allowances.

Alternatively, the taxpayer may elect to deduct automobile expenses based on actual costs incurred and to claim an investment tax credit on the cost of a newly acquired automobile. Deductible expenses under the actual expense method include the cost of gasoline, oil, repairs, insurance, depreciation, licenses, and garage rent.

Parking fees and tolls are deductible separately under both the standard mileage and actual expense methods.

premises actually used for business purposes. In the case of business property purchased by the taxpayer, the cost of the property may be recovered through depreciation deductions.

#### Expenses incurred for the production of income

A taxpayer may deduct all the ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred for production or collection of income; for managing, conserving, or maintaining property held for the production of taxable income; or in connection with the determination of any tax (sec. 212). 4/ These expenses are deductible even though the income-producing activity does not constitute a trade or business under section 162.

Like business expenses, section 212 expenses are deductible only if they are not capital expenditures and are ordinary and necessary expenses to production of the income involved. Thus, the same types of expenses that may be deducted as costs of doing business generally may be deducted when incurred in an investment activity.

#### Substantiation requirements

Business or investment expenses are generally deductible only if the taxpayer substantiates that he or she actually incurred the expense. If the taxpayer establishes that a deductible expenditure has been incurred, but fails to substantiate the exact amount, the deduction generally may be allowed based on an approximated amount (Cohan v. Comm'r, 39 F.2d 540 (2d Cir. 1930)). However, section 274 requires substantiation of the amount of the expenditure in the case of traveling expenses, entertainment costs, or business gifts (see discussion below).

#### Limitations on deductible expenses

Present law provides three major limitations on the availability of deductions for expenses claimed to be incurred in business and income-producing activities.

#### Hobby losses

Hobbies and other activities may resemble business activities although they are not intended to produce a profit. To preclude the claiming of tax losses from such activities to shelter other income, present law restricts deductions in respect of "activities not engaged in for profit" (sec. 183). Under this rule, if an activity is not engaged in for profit, allowable deductions are limited to those amounts which could be deducted without regard

<sup>4</sup>/ Expenses incurred for production of tax-exempt income are not deductible (sec. 265).

to the nature of the activity in which incurred (such as certain interest or taxes), plus other expenses in an amount not exceeding the income produced by the activity.

Present law presumes an activity to be engaged in for profit if the activity produces net income for any two or more taxable years in a period of five consecutive taxable years. 5/ Accordingly, so long as an activity shows a profit for any two years within the five-year period, the taxpayer generally may offset income from other sources with excess deductions from the activity in the loss years, unless the Internal Revenue Service can overcome the presumption by establishing that the taxpayer in fact did not engage in the activity for profit. If a particular activity fails to meet the two-of-five-years test, net losses from the activity generally still may be used to offset other income unless the activity is considered not to be engaged in for profit. However, in that case the taxpayer does not get the benefit of the presumption.

If the taxpayer elects, the two-of-five-years determination will not be made before the end of the fourth taxable year, 6/ and the activity will be treated as a business or investment activity until the determination is made. During the period before this determination is made, all deductions otherwise allowable for business or investment expenses can be claimed, subject to later disallowance. Thus, while present law limits deductions when an activity does not have a true profit-making business or investment motive, it permits the taxpayer to defer for up to several years payment of tax on income from other sources to the extent of losses claimed from the activity.

#### Travel and entertainment expenses

Under section 274, no deduction generally is permitted for expenditures attributable to entertainment unless the entertainment is "directly related to" the active conduct of the taxpayer's business or investment activity; 7/ this requirement is in addition

<sup>5/</sup> In the case of breeding and training race horses, the presumption test is two years of seven consecutive years.

<sup>6/</sup> The sixth taxable year in the case of breeding and training race horses.

<sup>7/</sup> Entertainment expenses incurred directly before or after a "substantial and bona fide" business discussion are deductible as "associated with" the business even though they are not "directly related to" its conduct. Costs of facilities (e.g., hunting lodges) are considered entertainment expenses.

to the rule limiting all deductible business or investment expenses to those that are ordinary and necessary. In general, entertainment expenses meet the "directly related" test only if (1) the taxpayer expects to derive income or some other specific business benefit (other than goodwill) from the activity; (2) the taxpayer engages in the active conduct of business during the entertainment with the person being entertained; and (3) the active conduct of business is the principal aspect of the combined business and entertainment (Reg. §1.274-2(c)(3)).

Section 274 provides special substantiation requirements for travel and entertainment expenses that are more stringent than the requirements for other types of business and investment expenses. No deduction is allowed for any traveling expense (including meals and lodging while away from home), any entertainment expense, or any business gift expense unless the taxpayer maintains records corroborating the item. 8/ These records must show (1) the amount of each such expense or other item; (2) the time and place of the travel, entertainment, amusement, recreation, or use of the facility, or the date and description of the gift; (3) the business purpose of the expense or other item; and (4) the business relationship to the taxpayer of persons entertained, using the facility, or receiving the gift.

#### Business use of home

The tax law imposes limitations on deductions for business use of the taxpayer's home (sec. 280A). A taxpayer may deduct expenses attributable to use of the home for business purposes only for that portion of the home that is used exclusively and on a regular basis as the principal place of business of a trade or business of the taxpayer, or as a place of business used by patients, clients, or customers in meeting or dealing with the taxpayer in the normal course of the taxpayer's business. Section 280A also contains special rules restricting deduction of expenses incurred in connection with "vacation homes."

#### Personal, living, and family expenses

In general, personal, living, or family expenses are not deductible in determining taxable income (sec. 262). Examples of such nondeductible expenses are the costs of maintaining a personal residence (e.g., rent, utilities, or depreciation), expenses incurred while traveling away from home (e.g., meals and lodging) to the extent the travel is not primarily for business

<sup>8/</sup> Sec. 274 also contains special rules governing expenses of foreign travel and business gifts.

purposes, expenses of commuting from home to the taxpayer's place of business, and costs incurred for education which does not either maintain or improve skills required in the taxpayer's business or satisfy requirements imposed by the taxpayer's employer.

Present law includes several exceptions to the general rule denying deductions for personal expenses. These exceptions include certain "above-the-line" deductions (e.g., alimony and the deduction for two-earner married couples) and certain itemized deductions (e.g., interest, taxes, casualty losses, charitable contributions, and medical expenses).